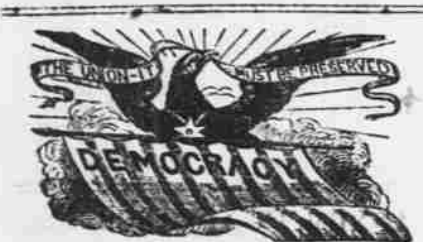


Preble County Democrat.

L. G. GOULD, Editor.



EATON, O., NOV. 12, 1857.

Thanksgiving.

The proclamation of Gov. Chase designating Thursday the 26th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise, will be found in another part of our paper. We agree with an exchange that the ordinary mercies of good government, sunlight, pure air, freedom from war, and a thousand other things that we never think of, are all sufficient to make up a special day of thanksgiving. But these occasions have been set apart from year to year, more especially to render thanks to God for the fruits of the earth; and this being the case, there never was a time when our whole people were called upon more eloquently for thanksgiving than at the present time. A more magnificent season never shed its benefactions upon the earth. The rain came when needed, the sun shone smilingly, and at the wish of the husbandman. Our barns are groaning with the products of the ample harvest, and the farmer hears the cry of distress coming up from the half silent cities, but it does not affect him, save as his sympathies are aroused for men struggling to avoid the stigma of bankruptcy. There is an abundance to be devoutly thankful for, and the usual day of Thanksgiving is not inappropriate. The pulpit will have a fine field for practical discourse. The preacher can point to the glorious provisions made by a common Father for all his creatures, while at the same time he scourges them for their sins. Mercy and wrath are mingled together just in that proportion which should make us weep and rejoice at the same moment. Thousands of true men are, at the present moment, suffering keenly for the recklessness of the abandoned and profligate speculator, and doubtless such will not enjoy the special occasion, unless they are able by an undying faith to look above and beyond the portentous cloud that wraps them in its gloomy folds.

Maryland Election.

We learn from the Baltimore Patriot of Friday, that the Democracy have gained largely in the State, upon members of the Assembly. Stewart, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the First district, Risced, American, in the Second, Harris, American, in the Third, and Davis, American, in the Fourth. These two composed of Baltimore City, where the right of suffrage is denied to the voters by gangs of assassins. We hope the members of Congress legally and peacefully elected, will make the Plug Ugly members, Harris and Davis, feel the ignominy of their position upon the floor of the House of Representatives. They are the delegates of ruffians and murderers, not the representatives of the voters. In the Fifth District, Kunkle, Democrat, is elected over Hoffman, which is a gain to the Democracy. In the Sixth, Bowie, Democrat, is re-elected. If the returns and prognostications of the Patriot are correct, the Congressional Delegation will stand three to three.

We are frequently asked who keeps the best stock of goods in town, and who sells at the lowest prices. The only reply we have to make is, examine our advertising columns, and see for yourselves. The different persons who advertise with us keep good goods, and sell low. As to others we cannot say anything, as we never purchase of those who do not patronize us. When you want cheap goods hereafter, buy of those who advertise. We append the following from the Dayton Enquirer:

"Where shall I go to trade? People ask themselves this question almost as often as they have a want to supply. And what must be the answer? Common sense says, 'go to the man who occupies a conspicuous place in the advertising columns of the newspaper.' If a man does not think his business worth advertising, people are apt to take his business at his own estimate and pass by on the other side. The ground work of all prosperity is a judicious system of advertising. Though Jeremiah the Prophet, or John the Revelator, may not have said so in exact words, yet had they lived in these times, and had it been submitted to them for consideration, both Jeremiah and John would have endorsed the proposition at once. It is a fact—every word of it."

One of the partners in a prominent Philadelphia firm that had lately suspended kept two carriages, five light riding wagons, four fast horses, two dogs, two coachmen and five servant girls. It is no wonder such men fail.

Two fires occurred in Cincinnati on Tuesday last, destroying about \$17,000 worth of property. Both the work of incendiaries.

Chase's Plurality only 1503!

The Ohio Statesman says of the official vote of the State: The Journal of Wednesday publishes the official vote for Governor, by which it appears that Chase's plurality is reduced to 1503.

The following are its footings:

Chase	150,568
Payne	139,065
Chase's Plurality	1503
Van Trump	9,386

The vote for Van Trump is larger than was anticipated by either party. Mr. Chase is again in the mortifying predicament of a minority Governor. The combined vote of Payne and Van Trump constitute a majority against Chase, of 7,760! Add to this the total scattering vote which is 1,233, and the total popular majority against the Governor is 8,998—it reads the same both ways! That is a pretty decided expression of the people, that they don't want the Governor's services, though they don't exactly agree as to whom they do want. They will settle the matter very properly next time, for a Democratic Governor.

Since writing the above, we have re-examined the Journal's table, and we find that paper puts Payne's majority in Stark county at 15—whereas it is in fact 247. The Journal's "figures" follow the Republican canvassers of Stark county, who, on account of a pretended informality, threw out one township in which the whole vote for Payne was 232. If this rejection were to determine the result, Chase himself would not contest the right of Payne to the full benefit of it, and would, from self-respect, yield the Governorship to him. No Legislator would hesitate a moment to declare the vote substantially legal. Adding it, therefore, to Payne's aggregate, Chase's plurality comes down to 1,271 over Payne, and Walker over Lytle, to 669.

True to His Sentiments.

The Ashtabula Sentinel is the print through whose editorial columns Joshua R. Giddings lately declared niggers to be superior to Democrats. In an article moralizing on the recent discomfiture of its party, the same paper speaks of the Democratic voters of Ohio as "the gross and illiterate masses, on which that party depends for its votes." The negroes, upon whom the Sentinel and Joshua R. Giddings are so anxious to confer the favor of suffrage, are, we suppose, to be considered as free from the charge of being "gross and illiterate." "Up with the negro and down with the white man," is still to be the motto of the Black Republican party, of which Joshua R. Giddings is the chief leader. He at least deserves credit for his candor and consistency.

A Word of Caution.

The Mount Vernon Democratic Banner says: No sooner had it been ascertained that the Democrats had carried the Legislature, than the Black Republicans [as we are credibly informed] avowed their determination to send in a flood of petitions in favor of the enactments of more stringent liquor laws. This is a base political scheme, perfectly characteristic of the leaders of the opposition. When the Black Republicans had the entire control of the Legislature for the last few years, not a temperance petition was heard of; for the reason [as these tricksters informed us] that "bleeding Kansas" was the only issue before the people! We caution our friends in advance not to be caught in this temperance tom foolery of the unconscionable Black Republicans.

Pork Packing.

The Louisville Journal says: Never since pork packing was first introduced has a season opened under worse auspices than at present. For years, in the commencement of November, the pens attached to the packing establishments were usually filled with salt porkers, but at present they are all deserted. Our packers have no inclination to buy hogs otherwise than on time and farmers do not like to sell except for cash. We can therefore give no accurate quotations. Under these circumstances there is no doubt that farmers will turn their hogs into bacon, while some, in view of the large corn crop, will not kill at all this season.

That old slaver, Gray, of the Cleveland Plaindealer, says that "Chase's Thanksgiving Proclamation has come." He thanks God for everything, the people for nothing. He says not a word of the great falling off of the Fusion vote on the Reserve, and the tight squeeze he made with the nigger vote to get re-elected. He has no thanks for those five thousand Democrats who stayed at home in Hamilton, Lucas, and old Monroe, and allowed another "republican" administration to be put in power. He is all "God and Liberty," "Pestilence and Poultry, Corn and Turkey. Well, Mr. Chase, you may have your thanksgiving when you please and for what you please, and be thankful to whom you please and we shall do the same. We shall wait for Governor Payne's Proclamation before we thank."

Official Vote of Ohio.

County	Chase	Payne	Van Trump
Adams	1267	1608	48
Allen	1242	1472	52
Ashtabula	3805	1039	17
Athens	1723	1319	14
Auglaize	500	1354	17
Belmont	1572	2417	950
Brown	1583	2099	84
Butler	1781	2457	85
Carroll	1498	1321	6
Champaign	1797	1476	100
Clark	2186	1984	11
Clermont	1952	3563	446
Clinton	1846	1117	41
Columbiana	2949	2335	41
Coshocton	2017	2250	4
Crawford	1457	2038	27
Cuyahoga	5449	4482	11
Darke	1901	2021	68
Defiance	765	933	7
Delaware	2007	1579	24
Erie	1916	1429	17
Fairfield	1181	2917	357
Fayette	1028	735	167
Franklin	3108	3990	142
Fulton	989	854	9
Gallia	604	1280	608
Geauga	2080	578	18
Greene	2507	1365	65
Guernsey	1911	1793	1256
Hamilton	8824	11969	8
Hancock	1611	1868	8
Hard	1042	911	25
Harrison	1691	1376	21
Henry	588	709	25
Hocking	1641	2088	533
Holmes	758	1305	19
Huron	1093	1861	1
Jackson	2953	1568	18
Jedison	703	1138	126
Knox	2128	1024	82
Lake	1947	545	297
Lawrence	637	1160	297
Licking	2855	3366	147
Logan	1719	1297	37
Lorain	3279	1438	283
Lucas	2632	1601	158
Madison	926	771	158
Malheur	1891	1825	2
Marion	1835	1312	2
Medina	2283	1532	117
Meigs	1635	1417	23
Mercer	533	983	28
Miami	2362	1730	28
Monroe	626	1244	139
Montgomery	3530	4112	59
Morgan	1675	1296	9
Morrow	1733	1539	54
Muskingum	3018	3382	16
Noble	1223	1159	3
Ottawa	375	457	3
Paulding	414	218	10
Perry	1454	1784	208
Pickaway	1434	1976	160
Pike	379	1019	142
Portage	2696	1866	142
Public	1831	1403	142
Putnam	688	968	9
Richland	2477	2783	239
Ross	2117	2404	67
Sandusky	1315	1697	94
Scioto	489	1338	25
Seneca	2198	2459	65
Shelby	1242	1387	26
Summit	3116	3116	19
Trambull	3311	1595	115
Tuscarawas	2546	2277	11
Union	1200	950	82
Van Wert	770	819	75
Vinton	756	1041	78
Warren	2473	1447	75
Washington	2078	1000	16
Wayne	2553	2889	6
Williams	954	907	6
Wood	1246	988	64
Wyandott	1136	1287	64
Total	100568	150065	9386

The following paragraph is taken from the Boston Traveler, the home of Lloyd Garrison, Wendell Phillips, and all the most prominent negro philanthropists. It is strange that those negro-lovers do not provide better for what free negroes they have among them, before they effect the abolition of slavery, when they will come to the free States by droves. It would appear that these negro shriekers' charity consisted more in words than in acts. It is just what we have always suspected their benevolence amounted to, and whenever you hear of a negro starving to death, you will find it to have taken place in some Abolition hole. This kind of charity is characteristic of the material of which this class of politicians are composed:

"DEATH BY STARVATION.—The jury summoned by Coroner Smith to investigate the case of the death of a colored child, returned the following verdict: 'That said deceased, the illegitimate child of Charles B. Williams and Emma Jones (colored) was born healthy, in every respect, and came to her death, when nineteen days old, at the house of James Porter, No. 1 Orange Lane, in the city of Boston, from starvation, by the neglect of its mother, Emma Jones, while said child was at its place of birth, at the house of Ann Rogers, Cabot st., Roxbury.'"

Does any one believe, says the New York Book, that such a case ever occurred in the South? Starved to death in the midst of plenty! and that, too, by the neglect of its own mother! Cannot the fertile brain of some New England novelist give us this depicted in Uncle Tom's Cabin style? What is the whipping of some early negro to be compared to the starvation of a helpless, innocent babe? Where are the sympathies of the philanthropists?

In 1857, when the business world was convulsed to its centre, under the effects of a monetary crisis, this country imported from abroad, during the year over eight millions' worth of breadstuffs. In 1857, when we are experiencing symptoms of a similar revulsion, we have a surplus of upwards of thirty millions' value of breadstuffs for export. The difference is decidedly encouraging.



From the Albany Argus and Atlas of the 6th inst.

New York Redeemed!

The Greatest Democratic Victory Ever Achieved!

Over Ninety Thousand Democrats Since Last Fall!

"WE HAVE MET THE ENEMY AND THEY ARE OURS!"

The Whole Democratic Ticket Elected!

80,000 REPUBLICAN MAJORITY LAST FALL—OVER 10,000 DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY NOW!

Verdict in Favor of an Honest and Economical State Policy!

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S ADMINISTRATION INDORSED!

The following clean Democratic State ticket has been elected:

Secretary of State—Gideon J. Tucker.

Controller—Sanford E. Church.

Treasurer—Isaac V. Vanderpoel.

Attorney General—Lyman Tremain.

State Engineer and Surveyor—Van Rensselaer Richmond.

Canal Commissioner—John M. Jaycox.

Inspector of State Prison—William C. Rhodes.

Judge of Court of Appeals—Hiram Denio.

The Legislature will be close, and it is probable that the Americans will hold the balance of power between the parties.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES IN 1857.

OHIO.

A Democratic Legislature, Canal Commissioner, and 16,000 gain on the popular vote.

PENNSYLVANIA.

A Governor, Legislature, and 47,000 gain on the popular vote.

MINNESOTA.

A Governor, Legislature, two United States Senators, three members and one Delegate to Congress.

CALIFORNIA.

A Governor, Legislature and 37,000 gain on the popular vote.

GEORGIA.

A Governor, Legislature, all but two members of Congress, and 12,000 popular majority.

MISSISSIPPI.

A clean sweep of Legislature, and members of Congress by a swamping majority.

TENNESSEE.

A Governor, Legislature, two U. S. Senators and 11,000 majority.

TEXAS.

Ditto—18,000 gain in Maine, and Connecticut Democratic.

NEW JERSEY.

A Democratic Legislature and a large gain on the popular vote.

WISCONSIN.

A Democratic Governor and a gain of nearly four thousand on the popular vote.

LOUISIANA.

Three members of Congress, a Democratic Legislature, which secures a Democratic United States Senator.

NEW YORK.

Crowns them all. The whole Democratic ticket is elected, and probably a democratic legislature, with a gain of over NINETY THOUSAND since last fall. This completely knocks the wind out of the negro worshipping Black Republican party. Even in Massachusetts, the head quarters of negro philanthropy, Banks, the Black Republican Disunionist, is defeated for Governor by the popular vote. These facts prove that the Democratic party is a sound, national, practical and working one—and that it has the confidence of the people. Alas, for "bleeding Kansas" and the Black Republican party—both have completely oozed out.

THE TIDE TURNING.—The emigration from the Old World, which has so long poured into this country, is now partially turned the other way. The packet ships from New York are taking back hundreds of the natives of England and Ireland, who prefer to live at home, rather than experience the hard times which now prevail in our country.

THE Lecompton (K. T.) correspondence of the Missouri Democrat, gives the information that a Walker Convention was to have been held at that place, last Saturday to vindicate the Governor.

New York Election.—The State Redeemed.

Our New York, Albany and Buffalo exchanges of Friday confirm the glorious news received by telegraph, that the Empire State has gone Democratic by 11,000 majority, and that the Black-Republican have lost 90,000 in a single year! The New York Tribune of Friday morning says:

"The Democratic majority on State officers in our State will be somewhat less than we estimated it yesterday, but can hardly fall below 10,000, unless Mr. Clapp the candidate for Secretary of State, has run further behind his colleagues than we have any reason to expect."

The New York Times of Friday says:

"Our returns are sufficient to show that the Democrats have carried the State. They have elected the Executive officers, securing a majority in the Canal Board and have possibly also carried the Assembly. The Senate remains in the hands of the Republicans."

"This is one of the most important and striking political incidents of the year. It will be regarded as a return of the great State of New York to the Democratic party, and as indicating the substantial approval by her people of the course which the National Administration has thus far pursued."

The Buffalo Express, whose editor was the 'Black-Republican' candidate for Secretary of State says:

"Whatever additional returns we have received may be found under the telegraph head. We see but little if any hope for the Republican State ticket or the Legislature. Every thing seems to have been swept away by this political pestilence, which has wrought quietly but effectually in destroying the Republican party. We'll let it all go. We are content. If the Republicans care so little for their principles and advantages as a party as to sleep while the enemy is abroad, violating the Republican temple, they deserve the fate that has overtaken them. This result shows that there is no Republican party, and that what appeared to be such one year ago, was a sort of mirage which was thrown upon the public view by a peculiar condition of the atmosphere, and which disappeared when a change of wind came. The people of the Republican party last year, from a love for the principles it professed, and showed their devotion for those principles in a majority whose record is a bright page in the political history of the State. After that victory, the party became more intimately acquainted with the designs of many who attempted to lead them, became disgusted, and went to a sleep from which we fear there is no waking."

A Call for Labor from the South.

The Charleston Standard, referring to the number of laborers at the North thrown out of employment by the pressure of times, extends the following invitation:

It might be well for these to consider of the opportunities presented at the South; here the want of labor, and we have room for millions. Charleston District alone has timber enough for the employment of 50,000, while it would be difficult to find a more attractive field for labor than the garden farming district immediately adjacent to the city. This field has been opened so recently, and so noiseless, that we ourselves are scarcely conscious of its importance; but presents incomparable advantages. The soil is susceptible of unlimited improvement; the climate is suited to the production of every thing, from the grains and grasses of the North to the fruits of the Tropics; the season is long enough for at least two crops a year; manure is to be had for the hauling; but little fring is necessary; stock thrives without covering through the Winter; there is no corporation tax on such improvements even as are with in the limits of the city, and for special reasons the market is the finest in America. In the first place there is no market farming at the South, properly so called, except within circuits of about five miles around our largest and best cities, the agricultural capacities of other sections of the country being devoted to plantation products. For this reason the market farmer has no competition from a distance, and his fruits, milk, meat, and vegetables, command in even our own market the highest prices. Milk from 10 to 12 cents per quart, eggs from 25 to 40 cents per dozen, chickens from 50 cents to 18 per pair, and early fruits and vegetables whatever the producer has the conscience to ask for them.

But in the second place we have the run of fancy prices for early products, not only in our own markets, but for six weeks in the Spring and six weeks in the Fall, we have the monopoly of the markets in New York, Philadelphia and Boston. By means of our steamers, two lines of which are now running to New York, we can send our strawberries, peaches, potatoes, and the like six weeks in advance of their maturity at either of those cities, and when the season is over, we can again supply them six weeks with what their markets do not afford. So, also, by means of our steam line to Havana, we have advantages over any point in the United States for many of our products.

It is important to us to have this tract of country cultivated. There will be pleasure in the brightness and beauty thus resulting, and profits in more abundant means of subsistence; but to persons in a condition to take advantage of it, it is more important. There are lands within five miles of Charleston that yield \$500 to the acre per annum; and there are lands within fifteen miles of Charleston, equally good, that can be bought for \$5 per acre, and these lands are washed by two navigable rivers, and are intersected by two railroads.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.—In all liver complaints, bilious diseases, acidity of the stomach, and for indigestion and all its frightful exhibitions, these medicines act in a brief space, and will effect a radical cure. Sold by W. B. Moffat, 335 Broadway, New York, and his Agents.

The Outrages in Baltimore at the Election.—Plug-Uglyism Hampered.

The Baltimore Republican of Thursday thus alludes to the outrages which characterized the election in that city on Wednesday last, and rendered it a farce, and the city a place of anarchy. The Republican says:

THE RESULT.—We have simply to record another act in the drama of fraud and violence inaugurated and maintained by the Know Nothing party. Another outrage upon the rights of the people and the franchise of the Constitution has been perpetrated, and Baltimore city has been again most foully wronged and disgraced by the lawless clubs which reign supreme over a pusillanimous or treacherous government.

It is useless here to attempt a recapitulation of the outrages and frauds perpetrated on Wednesday by the sworn brotherhood. Let it suffice to say, that facts hereafter substantiated will show that the triumph of Know-Nothingism in this city is simply the triumph of fraud and violence over the Constitution and laws—the rights and the voices of the people. Bullies, blackguards, and unprincipled rowdies rule the city, and the ballot-box is a miserable mockery, only used as a cover to their villainies.

The managers to this mongrel party were determined first to destroy the right of private opinion and to make every man show before he voted whether he was with them or against them.

For this purpose the regular ticket of the party was printed with red lines on the back, so that folded as it might be, it showed at once what it was, and its holder was helped to the polls, while those who had not this blood-stained ticket were at once marked, and in thousands of instances hustled from the polls.

Challengers were stationed in many of the polls, who, as soon as a voter presented a ticket not having the appropriate mark upon it, struck down his arm, when he was immediately elbowed and backed out, or, if a naturalized citizen, knocked down and beaten. Thus was the triumph of the Know-Nothing party achieved, and thus were the solemn pledges of the Mayor redeemed.

When by this conduct the Democratic voters were driven from the polls, crowds of ruffians, many under age, were quickly brought up and their ballots illegally deposited to swell the Know-Nothing majorities. The organs of the party will have the hardihood to say that peace prevailed in these wards; but they will not tell the truth and say, that this peace was only seen after the bullies of their party had driven all disposed to vote against them from the polls, and were thus in full possession and allowed to vote whoever they pleased. But we turn from the disgraceful picture with disgust.

Already are affidavits from our disfranchised citizens, and statements of the outrages by which they were prevented from exercising their rights, pouring in upon us, and we shall, at the proper time and place, put these statements upon the record, in order to prove beyond all cavil the manner in which the dominant party of this city have employed to perpetrate their power. For the present we leave Mayor Swann and his police to the enjoyment of the glory which their club associates accord them.

Among the incidents of the election, mentioned in the local column of the Republican, we select the following:

David Thompson, 142 Baltimore street, votes in the Fourth Ward; attempted to get to the polls, but could not; appealed for protection to a man designated as one of the special police, whom he perceived as a tall man, wearing a dark brown business-coat, who took him up to polls and then offered him a Know-Nothing ticket. He declined to vote it and was immediately struck a tremendous blow behind, and found the way blocked up so that he could not vote.

In the Seventh Ward, the Republican says:

At an early hour in the morning the polls of this ward were taken entire possession